SAFETY DATA SHEET



Issue Date 22-Feb-2013 Revision date 27-Jan-2016 Version 1.01

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product code 644

Product name GLIDEWAY 68

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses of the

substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Lubricant.

No information available Uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Supplier

Statoil Fuel & Retail Lubricants Sweden AB, Statoil Fuel & Retail Lubricants Sweden AB,

Box 194, 149 22 Nynäshamn, Box 194, 149 22 Nynäshamn,

Sweden Sweden,

+46 8 429 60 00 +46 8 429 60 00

For further information, please contact

Contact Point HSE Advisor

BASP_MD_RD_HSEA@statoilfuelretail.com **Email address**

Company Phone Number +46 8 429 60 00

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone - §45 - (EC)1272/2008				
Europe	112			
Czech Republic	+420 224 91 92 93/+420 224 91 54 02 (Poison Information)			
Denmark	+45 82 12 12 (Poison Information)			
Finland	+358 09 471 977 (Poison Information)			
Latvia	+ 371 7042468 (Poison Information)			
Lithuania	+370 5 236 20 52 (Poison Information)			
Norway	+47 22 59 13 00 (Poison Information)			
Poland	+48 426 314 502 (Poison Information)			
Slovakia	+ 421 2 5465 2307 (Poison Information)			
Sweden	+46 8 33 70 43 (Emergency Responce Center)			
Estonia	+372 626 9390 (Poison Information)			

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 3
--------------------------	------------

2.2. Label elements

Hazard statements

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Revision date 27-Jan-2016

GLIDEWAY 68

Contains 2,5-bis(octyldithio)-1,3,4-thiadiazole May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary Statements

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

2.3. Other hazards

No information available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances / 3.2 Mixtures

Only hazardous substances above thresholds are shown below

Chemical name	EC No	CAS No	weight-%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	REACH registration number
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	204-884-0	128-39-2	0.25-1%	Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	01-2119490822-33
(Z)-octadec-9-enylamine	204-015-5	112-90-3	0.1-0.25%	Acut Tox. 4 (H302) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) STOT RE 3 (H335) STOT RE 2 (H373) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Acuatic Chronic 1 (H410)	No data available

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice If symptoms persist, call a physician. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do

not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Eye Contact Wash with plenty of water. If eye irritation persists: get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin with soap and water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Get

medical attention.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Self-protection of the first aiderUse personal protective equipment as required.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms None under normal use conditions.



4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special Hazard

Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may produce gases of varying toxicity such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons, aldehydes and soot. These may be highly dangerous if inhaled in confined spaces or at high concentration. Cool drums with water spray.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Extremely slippery when spilled.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see Section 13).

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

6.4. Reference to other sections

Other information

See Section 12: Ecological information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Extremely slippery when spilled.

GLIDEWAY 68

General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. Protect from moisture.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s)

Lubricant.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Chemical name	Sweden	Denmark	Norway	Finland	Estonia
Oil mist/smoke	NGV 8 h: 1 mg/m ³ ,	8h: 1 mg/m³	8h: 1 mg/m ³	8h: 5 mg/m ³	TWA 8h: 1 mg/m ³
	KTV 15 min: 3 mg/m ³	_		_	
Chemical name	Latvia	Lithuania	Poland	Russia	Slovakia
Oil mist/smoke	8h: 5 mg/m ³	IPRV 8h: 1 mg/m ³ ,	NDS: 8h: 5 mg/m ³ ,	5 mg/m ³	8h: 5 mg/m ³
		TPRV 15 min: 3 mg/m ³	NDSCh, 15 min, 10	_	
		-	mg/m³		
Chemical name	Czech Republic	Germany	Hungary	Bulgaria	Ukraine
Oil mist/smoke	PEL: 5 mg/m ³	-	=	=	-
	NPK-P: 10 mg/m ³				

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Predicted No Effect Concentration

No information available.

(PNEC)

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls None under normal use conditions.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face Protection Hand protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Wear protective nitrile rubber gloves, Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety proceduresshould be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even thebest chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the

working conditions.

Body protection Respiratory Protection Wear suitable protective clothing.

No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required, In case of

inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

General hygiene considerations Har

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant

spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

GLIDEWAY 68

Clear Odor Oil **Appearance**

Light Brown Not applicable Color **Odor Threshold**

Property Values Remarks • Method

Not applicable pН Not applicable **Melting Point/Freezing Point**

Boiling point/boiling range No information available

Flash Point 222 °C

Flash point COC ISO 2592 Flash point PM Not applicable **Evaporation Rate** Not applicable Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability Limits in Air

Upper Flammability limits Not applicable **Lower Flammability Limit** Not applicable Vapor pressure @20°C (kPa) < 0.01

Vapor Density Not applicable

Relative Density No information available

Water Solubility Negligible

Solubility(ies) Soluble in Solvent Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) > 3

Autoignition Temperature No information available **Decomposition Temperature** No information available

Kinematic Viscosity Viscosity at 40°C Typical 72.0 mm²/s ISO 3104

Viscosity at 100°C Typical $9.4 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ ISO 3104

Dynamic viscosity No information available

Explosive Properties Not applicable **Oxidizing Properties** Not applicable

9.2. Other information

No information available **Molecular Weight** No information available VOC Content(%)

Density 882 kg/m³ ISO 12185

Bulk density No information available

Research Octane Number Not applicable **Sulphur Content** Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Not reactive.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Revision date 27-Jan-2016

GLIDEWAY 68

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None under normal use conditions. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Carbon monoxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information Product does not present an acute toxicity hazard based on known or supplied information.

Used product can contain harmful contaminants.

Acute toxicity

Inhalation Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.

Eye Contact Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Skin Contact Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation. May cause skin irritation and/or

dermatitis. Product that under high pressure has been forced under the skin, may causae

serious cell damage/death under the skin.

Ingestion Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and

pneumonitis.

Chronic toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation None known.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation None known.

Sensitization None known.

Germ cell mutagenicity None known.

Carcinogenicity None known.

Reproductive Toxicity None known.

Developmental toxicity None known.

Teratogenicity None known.

STOT - single exposure None known.

STOT - repeated exposure None known.

Neurological effects None known.

Target organ effects None known.

Aspiration hazard None known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

GLIDEWAY 68

May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Potentially degradable, but will persist in the environment for long periods.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Contain components with potential to bioaccumulate (logPow >3).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil

After release, adsorbs onto soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vBvP assessment

This product is not, or does not contain, a substance that is a PBT or a vBvP.

Chemical name	PBT and vPvB assessment
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	Not applicable

12.6. Other adverse effects

An oilfilm may cause physical damage to organisms and disturb the transportation of oxygen in the intermediate zone between air/water or air/soil

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused Products

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Other information

Provisions for waste transmitters:

Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed with each other. Wastes can be mixed if the purpose is to improve safety during disposal or recycling or otherwise is done in a manner acceptable to protect the environment. Waste may be transported professionally only by those who have special permission. Solvent and oil waste under certain given amounts may be transported without special permission, after notification to the County Board. Contact the County Board for further information.

Discharge Instructions:

Packs marked with a skull or environmental hazard symbol and risk phrase 50/53 should always be disposed of as hazardous waste. Other packs should be emptied well before they can be recycled or reconditioned. The contents may need to be disposed of as hazardous waste. Draining is best carried out at room temperature. The pack is placed upside down inclined somewhat, about 10 degrees, the runoff should be in such a way that the lowest point of the pack is the exit. Residual content should be collected and added to the process there the product is used. For steel drums especially the runoff must be at room temperature (min 15 ° C). Wait until the pack is drip dry. Do not reseal the packs after runoff. Note in particular the risks involved when emptying containers containing flammable liquids. Emptied packages should be ventilated in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion. Do not puncture, cut or weld in uncleaned packages, containers or barrels. If possible, packs contained water-soluble product should be rinsed thoroughly (3 times) before emptying. The rinse water should, if possible, be used in the process there the product is used.

Classification of wastes:

Waste transmitters is required to classify the waste. All waste is identified by a six digit EWC code. The codes are listed in the Waste Regulation. The codes for oil waste are based on usage and the base oil. Information about the intended use is given in the safety data sheet, section 1. Oil waste is always hazardous waste. Examples of EWC codes for oil waste:120107: mineral-based machining oils free of halogens130111: Synthetic Hydraulic Oils130105: Non-chlorinated emulsions130208: other engine, gear and lubricating oils

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

SECTION 14: Transport information

IMDG

14.1 UN/ID no Not regulated 14.2 Proper Shipping Name Not regulated 14.3 Hazard Class Not regulated 14.4 Packing group Not regulated 14.5 Marine pollutant Not applicable

14.6 Special Provisions None

14.7 Transport in bulk according to No information available

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

IBC Code

RID

14.1 UN/ID no Not regulated 14.2 Proper Shipping Name Not regulated 14.3 Hazard Class Not regulated Not regulated 14.4 Packing group 14.5 environmental hazard Not applicable

14.6 Special Provisions None

ADR

14.1 UN/ID no Not regulated 14.2 Proper Shipping Name Not regulated 14.3 Hazard Class Not regulated Not regulated 14.4 Packing group 14.5 environmental hazard Not applicable

14.6 Special Provisions None

ICAO (air)

14.1 UN/ID no Not regulated 14.2 Proper Shipping Name Not regulated 14.3 Hazard Class Not regulated 14.4 Packing group Not regulated 14.5 environmental hazard Not applicable None

14.6 Special Provisions

IATA

14.1 UN/ID no Not regulated 14.2 Proper Shipping Name Not regulated 14.3 Hazard Class Not regulated Not regulated 14.4 Packing group 14.5 environmental hazard Not applicable 14.6 Special Provisions None

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Revision date 27-Jan-2016

GLIDEWAY 68

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations This safety data sheet is created with use of legislation & regulation valid for the European

Union, for example consolidated versions of REACh,1907/2006; CLP, 1272/2008; DPD

1999/45 and national legislation.

Danish PR number: -

International Inventories

TSCA Does not Comply

EINECS/ELINCS Complies

DSL/NDSL Does not Comply
PICCS Does not Comply
ENCS Does not Comply
IECSC Does not Comply
AICS Does not Comply
KECL Does not Comply

Legend

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No information available

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under section 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H373 - May cause damage to the kidneys/ liver/ eyes/ brain/ respiratory system/ central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure in contact with skin

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

vBvP = Very Bioaccumulative and very Pollutant.

PBT = Persistant Bioccumulative Toxic chemical

REACh = Research Evaluation Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging

DPD = Dangerous Preparations Directive

VOC=Volatile Organic Compound

Issue Date 22-Feb-2013

Revision date 27-Jan-2016

Revision Note Indication of changes ***, if applicable.

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

End of Safety Data Sheet
