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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Omala S2 G 150
Product code	:	001D7836

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	Gear lubricant.
Uses advised against	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Deutschland Oil GmbH Suhrenkamp 71-77
	D-22335 Hamburg
Telephone	: (+49) 40 6324-6255
Telefax	: (+49) 40 6321-051
Email Contact for Safety Data	
Sheet	please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: (+49) 30 3068 6790 (Giftnotruf Berlin)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	No Hazard Symbol requ	lired
Signal word	No signal word	
Hazard statements	Not	SICAL HAZARDS: classified as a physical hazard ording to CLP criteria. LTH HAZARDS:

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		criteria. ENVIRONMENTAI	nvironmental hazard
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: Response: Storage: Disposal: 	No precautionary p No precautionary p No precautionary p No precautionary p	bhrases. bhrases.
Sensitising components	: Contains amin May produce a	e phosphate. an allergic reaction.	

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Classification (REGULATION	Concentration [%]
	Registration number	(EC) No 1272/2008)	
Amine phosphate	91745-46-9 294-716-2	Acute Tox.4; H302 Skin Sens.1; H317 Eye Dam.1; H318 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	< 0,9

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures 4.1 Description of first aid measures General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions. : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the Protection of first-aiders appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. If inhaled : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. : Flush eye with copious quantities of water. In case of eye contact If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice. 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation Symptoms of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treatment : Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water in a jet. 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Specific hazards during firefighting Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

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5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	 Proper protective equipment includi gloves are to be worn; chemical res large contact with spilled product is Breathing Apparatus must be worn a confined space. Select fire fighter relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: E 	istant suit is indicated if expected. Self-Contained when approaching a fire in 's clothing approved to
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that ar circumstances and the surrounding	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately.
	Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth
	or other containment material.
	Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent.
	Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other
	suitable material and dispose of properly.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions : Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

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		vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data shee assessment of local circumstances to appropriate controls for safe handling this material.	o help determine
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	g		
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, sar worn and proper handling equipment Properly dispose of any contaminate materials in order to prevent fires.	fety footwear should be t should be used.
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be Proper grounding and bonding proce during all bulk transfer operations.	
Fire-fighting class	:	Fires involving liquids or liquid contain includes substances which become temperatures.	
7.2 Conditions for safe storage,	inc	luding any incompatibilities	
Storage class (TRGS 510)	:	10, Combustible liquids	
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in place. Use properly labeled and clos	
		Store at ambient temperature.	
		Refer to section 15 for any additiona covering the packaging and storage	
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or or steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	container linings, use mild
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible rise	
7.3 Specific end use(s)			
Specific use(s)	:	Not applicable	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

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	made in consideration of the PPE directiv European Committee for Standardisation		
Personal protective equipmer PPE suppliers.	ent (PPE) should meet recommended nat	tional standards. Check with	
Eye protection		If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.	
Hand protection			
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the produ- gloves approved to relevant standa US: F739) made from the following suitable chemical protection. PVC, gloves Suitability and durability of a usage, e.g. frequency and duration resistance of glove material, dexter from glove suppliers. Contaminated replaced. Personal hygiene is a ke care. Gloves must only be worn on gloves, hands should be washed a Application of a non-perfumed mois	ards (e.g. Europe: EN374, materials may provide neoprene or nitrile rubber a glove is dependent on of contact, chemical rity. Always seek advice d gloves should be y element of effective hand o clean hands. After using nd dried thoroughly.	
	For continuous contact we recomm breakthrough time of more than 24 for > 480 minutes where suitable g short-term/splash protection we rec recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this ca time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistanc dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and	0 minutes with preference loves can be identified. For commend the same, but ring this level of protection ise a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance wed. Glove thickness is not e to a chemical as it is on of the glove material. y greater than 0.35 mm	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily req work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemica	-	
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinar conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not main concentrations to a level which is a health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and mee 	hygiene practices, bid breathing of material. tain airborne adequate to protect worker n equipment suitable for the	

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	Check with respiratory protective equ Where air-filtering respirators are suir appropriate combination of mask and Select a filter suitable for combined p and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling p meeting EN14387 and EN143.	table, select an I filter. particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure	controls	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill the relevant environmental protection leg contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent und being discharged to waste water. Was treated in a municipal or industrial was before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for must be observed for the discharge of	pislation. Avoid following advice given in dissolved material from aste water should be aste water treatment plant or volatile substances

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	brown
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-24 °CMethod: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °Cestimated value(s)
Flash point	:	240 °C Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)

vapour.

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Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0,5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0,897 (15 °C)	
Density	: 897 kg/m3 (15,0 °C) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on sin	nilar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 15 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
	150 mm2/s (40,0 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

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10.2 Chemical stability		
Stable. No hazardous reaction is ex	pected when handled and stored according	g to provisions
10.3 Possibility of hazardous re	eactions	
Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct	sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	
Hazardous decomposition	: Hazardous decomposition products	are not expected to form

during normal storage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

products

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5.000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5.000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Components:

Amine phosphate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Components:

Amine phosphate:

Remarks: Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising components present in this product does not induce skin sensitisation., May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

:

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Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification categories 1A/1B.	n in
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classificatio categories 1A/1B.	n in
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification categories 1A/1B.	n in

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

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Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been dete for this product. Information given is based on a knowledg and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data pres representative of the product as a whole, individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expr nominal amount of product required to pro	rmined specifically ge of the components ented is rather than for essed as the
Droducti		extract).	
Product:			
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	toxic:
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	toxic:
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	toxic:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:	
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
Product:	
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil	
Product:	
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.
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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass	essment	
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any REACH substances that are assessed to be a PBT	
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volatile component expected to be released to air in any signific Not expected to have ozone depletion potential or potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause physical organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chaquatic organisms at concentrations less the second s	ficant quantities., ential, global warming al fouling of aquatic nronic effects to

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):
Waste Code	: 13 02 05*
Remarks	: Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class	
ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG IATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADN	· Not regulated as a departous good
CDNI Inland Water Waste	: Not regulated as a dangerous good : NST 3411 Mineral Lubricating Oils
Agreement	,
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG IATA	 Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5 Environmental hazards	. Not regulated as a dangelous good
ADN ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	 Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.6 Special precautions for use	
Remarks	 Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage
. tornarito	for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or
	needs to comply with in connection with transport.
14.7 Transport in bulk according	to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Pollution category	: Not applicable
Ship type	: Not applicable
Product name	: Not applicable
Special precautions	: Not applicable
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances s (Annex XIV)	ubject to authorisation : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.
Water contaminating class (Germany)	: WGK 1 slightly water endangering Remarks: Classification according VwVwS, Annex 4.
Volatile organic compounds	: 0 %
Other regulations	: Technische Anleitung Luft: Product not listed by name. Observe section 5.2.5 in connection with section 5.4.9
	Product is subject to Vorgaben der Betriebs-Sicherheits- Verordnung (BetrSichV).
	Youth Employment Law Not Applicable.
	Maternity Protection Act Not Applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS/ELINCS/EC	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

,

Full text of H-Statements		
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity	
Aquatic Chronic	Chronic aquatic toxicity	
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage	
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation	

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Abbreviations and Acronyms	: The standard abbreviations and acro document can be looked up in reference scientific dictionaries) and/or website	ence literature (e.g.
	ACGIH = American Conference of C Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concer Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Re AICS = Australian Inventory of Cher ASTM = American Society for Testin BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbe CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Indust CLP = Classification Packaging and COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normur DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Leve DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ec Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agen EINECS = The European Inventory Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and Nev Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Res IATA = International Maritime Dang INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test determination of polycyclic aromatic KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals In LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Concentration fifty MARPOL = International Convention Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Observed Effect Level	Governmental Industrial rning the International oad mical Substances ng and Materials enzene, Xylenes try Council I Labelling ng rel e List , totoxicology and icy of Existing Commercial w Chemical Substances in of Classification and search on Cancer association gerous Goods method N° 346 for the es DMSO-extractables iventory Loading/Inhibitory loading in for the Prevention of c Concentration / No
	OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative a PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Che	and Toxic

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	Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Conce REACH = Registration Evaluation A Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Inter Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Com TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bid	And Authorisation Of national Carriage of trol Act
Further information		
Other information	 No Exposure Scenario annex is atta sheet. It is a non-classified mixture substances as detailed in Section 3 Exposure Scenarios for the hazardo have been integrated into the core A vertical bar () in the left margin in from the previous version. 	containing hazardous 3; relevant information from ous substances contained sections 1-16 of this SDS.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.