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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Shell Gadus S3 V460D 2

Product code : 001D8429

Unique Formula Identifier : N9J4-E0SX-000E-VGSR

(UFI)

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Automotive and industrial grease.

stance/Mixture

Uses advised against :

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the sup-

plier.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Deutschland GmbH

Suhrenkamp 71-77 22335 Hamburg

Germany

Telephone : (+49) 40 6324-6255 Telefax : (+49) 40 6321-051

Contact for Safety Data : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS

Sheet please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

: (+49) 30 3068 6700 (Giftnotruf Berlin)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

ry 3 fects.

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#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP

criteria.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/

attention.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Sensitising components : Contains Fatty acids, C18 unsaturated, reaction products with

diethylenetriamine.

May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and

additives.

The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-

extract, according to IP346.

Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regula-

tion (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Reaction products of boric acid and lithium hydroxide	Not Assigned 701-475-3 01-2120772309-47	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Repr. 2; H361d  specific concentration limit Repr. 2; H361d 7,8 %	1 - 2,9
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	101747-77-7	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	1 - 1,9
Alkaryl amine	68411-46-1 270-128-1 01-2119491299-23	Repr. 2; H361f	0,1 - 0,9
Fatty acids, C18 unsat, reaction products with diethylenetriamine	1226892-43-8	Skin Corr. 1C; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400  M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10	0,25 - 0,9

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

If inhaled : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa-

ter and follow by washing with soap if available.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait

for symptoms to develop.

Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent

wounds.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treat-

ment.

If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation

of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal con-

ditions of use.

Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, cough-

ing, and/or difficulty breathing.

No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, or swelling.

Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and

tissue damage a few hours following injection.

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#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!

Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Treat symptomatically.

Notes to doctor/physician:
Treat symptomatically.

Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam-

age and loss of function.

Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of foreign material should be performed under general anaesthet-

ics, and wide exploration is essential.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox-

ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water in a jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Hazardous combustion products may include:

A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and

gases (smoke).

Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion

occurs.

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. 6.1.2 For emergency responders: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Use appropriate containment to prevent uncontrolled release.

Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by

using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Shovel into a suitable clearly marked container for disposal or

reclamation in accordance with local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage** 

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

material.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate-

rials in order to prevent fires.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10, Combustible liquids

Further information on stor-

age stability

Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated

place.

Use properly labeled and closable containers.

Store at ambient temperature.

Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation cov-

ering the packaging and storage of this product.

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Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild

steel or high density polyethylene.

Unsuitable material: PVC.

Container Advice : Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem-

peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Not applicable

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not As- signed	TWA (inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Engineering measures**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

#### General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Due to the product's semi-solid consistency, generation of mists and dusts is unlikely to occur.

#### Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive

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89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for the standard provides and the standard provides a

through time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm

depending on the glove make and model.

Skin and body protection : Wear chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where

risk of splashing, also wear an apron.

Protective clothing approved to EU Standard EN14605.

Respiratory protection : No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal

conditions of use.

In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precau-

tions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appro-

priate combination of mask and filter.

Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling point > 65°C (149°F)]

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meeting EN14387 and EN143.

Thermal hazards : Not applicable

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Semi-solid at ambient temperature.

Colour black

Odour Slight hydrocarbon

Odour Threshold Data not available

Dropping point : >= 240 °C

Method: IP 396

Melting / freezing point Data not available

Initial boiling point and boiling : Data not available

range

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) Not classified as flammable but will burn.

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit /

upper flammability limit

Typical 10 %(V)

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

Typical 1 %(V)

Flash point Not applicable

> 320 °C Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition tempera-

Data not available

ture

рΗ Not applicable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic Data not available

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Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : negligible

Solubility in other solvents : Data not available

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: > 6

octanol/water (based on information on similar products)

Vapour pressure : < 0,5 Pa (20 °C)

estimated value(s)

Relative density : 1,000 (15 °C)

Density : 1.000 kg/m3 (15,0 °C)

Method: Unspecified

Relative vapour density : > 1

estimated value(s)

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Explosive properties : Classification Code: Not classified

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Flammability (liquids) : Not classified as flammable but will burn.

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Conductivity : This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

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Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information** 

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

**Acute toxicity** 

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks : Slightly irritating to skin.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil

acne/folliculitis.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks : Causes serious eye irritation.

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### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Product:** 

Remarks : For respiratory and skin sensitisation:

Not a sensitiser.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks : Experimental data has shown that the concentration of poten-

tially sensitising components present in this product does not

induce skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Product:** 

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Non mutagenic

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity

**Product:** 

Remarks : Not a carcinogen.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks : Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-

carcinogenic in animal skin-painting studies.

Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Product:** 

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

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STOT - single exposure

**Product:** 

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration toxicity** 

**Product:** 

Not an aspiration hazard., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

**Endocrine disrupting properties** 

**Product:** 

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

**Further information** 

**Product:** 

Remarks : Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accu-

mulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health

and the environment on disposal.

ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin

contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks : High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to

local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks : Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory

frameworks may exist.

Remarks : Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-

tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

**Product:** 

Toxicity to fish : Remarks:  $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$ 

Toxic

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks:  $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$ 

Toxic

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks:  $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$ 

Toxic

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to microorganisms

Remarks: Data not available

#### **Components:**

Fatty acids, C18 unsat, reaction products with diethylenetriamine:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- : 10

icity)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Product:** 

Biodegradability : Remarks: Not readily biodegradable.

Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains com-

ponents that may persist in the environment.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Product:** 

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

**Product:** 

Mobility : Remarks: Semi-solid under most environmental conditions., If

it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mo-

bile.

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Remarks: Floats on water.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Product:**

Assessment This mixture does not contain any REACH registered sub-

stances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB..

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

#### **Product:**

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

> have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

Does not have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone crea-

tion potential or global warming potential.

Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which will not be released to air in any significant quantities under normal conditions

of use.

Poorly soluble mixture.

Causes physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms at

concentrations less than 1 mg/l.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recover or recycle if possible. Product

> It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-

ods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be dis-

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posed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably

to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local legislation

Waste catalogue :

EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):

Waste Code

12 01 12\*

Remarks : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end

user.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

Company to the property of the

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

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IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good
: Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good CDNI Inland Water Waste : NST 3411 lubricating greases

Agreement

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN : Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

: Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

: Product is not subject to Authorisa-

tion under REACH.

Water hazard class (Germa- : WGK 2 obviously hazardous to water

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ny) Remarks: Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)

Volatile organic compounds : Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 0 %

#### Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Technische Anleitung Luft: Product not listed by name. Observe section 5.2.5 in connection with section 5.4.9

Product is subject to Betriebs-Sicherheits-Verordnung (BetrSichV).

Compliance with paragraph 22 of Youth Employment Law.

Take note of Law on the protection of mothers at work, in education and in studies (Maternity Protection Act - MuSchG).

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

REACH : Not established.

TSCA : All components listed.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **Full text of H-Statements**

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.

H361d : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361f : Suspected of damaging fertility. (Causing atrophy of the tes-

tes)

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

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ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU

IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

#### Classification of the mixture:

#### Classification procedure:

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.

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**Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System** 

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machin-

ery.

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machin-

ery.

- Professional

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use of lubricants and greases in open systems.

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use of lubricants and greases in open systems.

- Professional

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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**Exposure Scenario - Worker** 

Exposure oceriano - Worker		
300000011055		
	1	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machin-	
	ery Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3	
	Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b, PROC9	
	Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ERC7, ATIEL-	
	ATC SPERC 4.Bi.v1	
Scope of process	Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of	
	containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of		
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures applicable to all activities.	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.  Use suitable eye protection.  Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.	
General exposures (closed systems)Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure	No other specific measures identified.	
Initial factory fill of equip- mentUse in contained sys- temsUse in closed, contin-	No other specific measures identified.	

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T		
	entrolled ventilation (5	
, ,	osure for more than	
4 110015		
No other specific measures identified		
Two other specific measures identified.		
Drain down system prior to equipment or	pening or mainte-	
nance.	· ·	
Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than	
3 to 5 air changes per hour).		
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combi-		
	nding disposal or for	
subsequent recycle.		
Drain down system prior to equipment or	pening or mainte-	
nance.	9	
Provide extract ventilation to emission po	oints when contact	
with warm (>50oC) product is likely.		
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combi-		
nation with intensive management supervision controls.		
Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for		
subsequent recycle.		
Store substance within a closed system.		
Control of Environmental Exposure		
Control of Environmental Exposure		
.).	2.631,1	
EU tonnage (tonnes per year): 2.631,1 Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0,1		
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:  0,1		
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Use		
Use	300	
influenced by risk management or:	300	
	Provide a good standard of general ventials to 5 air changes per hour).  Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested nation with specific activity training. Retain drain downs in sealed storage persubsequent recycle.  Drain down system prior to equipment opnance.  Provide extract ventilation to emission powith warm (>50oC) product is likely.  Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested nation with intensive management super Retain drain downs in sealed storage persubsequent recycle.  Store substance within a closed system.  Control of Environmental Exposure  in region:  used locally:	

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Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	100
Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.	
Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs):	5,00E-05
Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before (municipal) sewage treatment plant):	2,00E-11
Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs):	0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro-	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit dischasions and releases to soil	arges, air emis-
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	70
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators or equivalent and for waste water to be discharged via public sewer system.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	0,1
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,00E+03
Maximum allowable site quantity (MSafe) based on OCs and RMMs as above (kg/day):	146.050,2
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional

#### Section 3.1 - Health

The Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions that are identified in the Exposure Scenario are the outcome of a quantitative and qualitative assessment that covers this product.

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Used ECETOC TRA model.	

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SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO	
Section 4.1 - Health		
1 M/L (L D'al. Marcon (Marcon /O /O		

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH\_GES.

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#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

Exposure occitatio 110	
300000011056	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machin-
	ery Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22
	Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b,
	PROC20
	Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b,
	ATIEL-ATC SPERC 9.Bp.v1
Scope of process	Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or
	machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of
	containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including
	engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT	
	MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more that	in 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures applica-	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas	
ble to all activities.	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if	
	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamina-	
	tion/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contami-	
	nation immediately. Provide basic employee training to pre-	
	vent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems	
	that may develop.	
	Use suitable eye protection.	
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination	
	on hands.	
Operation of equipment	No other specific measures identified.	
containing engine oils and		
similar.Use in contained		
systemsUse in closed pro-		
cess, no likelihood of expo-		
sure		

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	I &	
Material transfersNon-	Avoid carrying out activities involving e	exposure for more than
dedicated facilityTransfer of	4 hours	
substance or preparation	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combi-	
(charging/ discharging)	nation with specific activity training.	
from/ to vessels/ large con-		
tainers at non-dedicated		
facilities	Drain dayer ayatan prior to agyinnout	
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment	opening or mainte-
maintenanceTransfer of	nance.	anding diaposal or for
substance or preparation (charging/ discharging)	Retain drain downs in sealed storage publications subsequent recycle.	bending disposal of for
from/ to vessels/ large con-	Subsequent recycle.	
tainers at dedicated facili-		
tiesHeat and pressure		
transfer fluids in dispersive,		
professional use but closed		
systems		
Storage.Use in closed pro-	Store substance within a closed syster	n.
cess, no likelihood of expo-	,	
sureUse in closed, continu-		
ous process with occasion-		
al controlled exposure		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Amounts Used		
EU tonnage (tonnes per year		5.387,2
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0,1
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		0,1
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Emission Days (days/year): 365		365
	influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
•	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
• •	ons as process operates without water	
contact.	DAMA	1.005.04
Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs):		1,00E-04
Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite 5,00E-04		5,00⊏-04
RMMs and before (municipal) sewage treatment plant):		
	process (after typical onsite RMMs):	1E-03
	neasures at process level (source) to	prevent release
lease estimates used.	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
	s and measures to reduce or limit disc	harge air emis-
sions and releases to soil	s and incasures to reduce or milli dist	onarycs, an enns-
	lved substance to or recover from onsite	4
wastewater.		´
	prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
	,	
Conditions and Measures r	elated to municipal sewage treatment	plant
	1	•

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Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	0,1
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,00E+03
Maximum allowable site quantity (MSafe) based on OCs and RMMs as above (kg/day):	1.474,0

#### Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

#### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

#### Section 3.1 - Health

The Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions that are identified in the Exposure Scenario are the outcome of a quantitative and qualitative assessment that covers this product.

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

Used ECETOC TRA model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH\_GES.

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#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000011057	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use of lubricants and greases in open systems Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC7, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ATIEL-ATC SPERC 4.Ci.v1
Scope of process	Covers use of lubricants and greases in open systems, including application of lubricant to work pieces or equipment by dipping, brushing or spraying (without exposure to heat), e.g. mould releases, corrosion protection, slideways. Includes associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and maintenance activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure	

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures applicable to all activities.	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.  Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.  Use suitable eye protection.  Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.
Material transfersManual-	Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than

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T		
Transfer of substance or	1 hour.	
preparation (charging/ dis-		
charging) from/ to vessels/		
large containers at dedicat-		
ed facilities	English and a fall to a set of a second second	
Material transfersAutomat-	Ensure material transfers are under cont	ainment or extract
ed process with (semi)	ventilation.	
closed systems.Transfer of		
substance or preparation		
(charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large con-		
tainers at dedicated facili-		
tiesTransfer of substance or		
preparation into small con-		
tainers (dedicated filling		
line, including weighing)		
Roller, spreader, flow appli-	Provide extraction ventilation at points w	here emissions oc-
cationRoller application or	cur.	
brushing		
SprayingIndustrial spraying	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted	enclosure.
	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested	to EN374) in combi-
	nation with specific activity training.	·
Treatment by dipping and	Provide a good standard of general or co	ontrolled ventilation (5
pouringTreatment of arti-	to 15 air changes per hour).	
cles by dipping and pouring	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested	
	nation with intensive management super	vision controls.
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment or	ening or mainte-
maintenanceTransfer of	nance.	berning of mainte-
substance or preparation	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
(charging/ discharging)	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	iation (not loss than
from/ to vessels/ large con-	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested	to EN374) in combi-
tainers at dedicated facili-	nation with specific activity training.	,
ties	Retain drain downs in sealed storage pe	nding disposal or for
	subsequent recycle.	
Storage.Use in closed pro-	Store substance within a closed system.	
cess, no likelihood of expo-		
sureUse in closed, continu-		
ous process with occasional controlled exposure		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Amounts Used	Control of Environmental Exposure	
EU tonnage (tonnes per year		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0,1
		0,1
Frequency and Duration of		
Emission Days (days/year):		300
	nfluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor		10
Local marine water dilution factor: 100		100
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

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Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water	
contact.	
Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs) :	5,00E-05
Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite	2,00E-11
RMMs and before (municipal) sewage treatment plant):	,
Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs):	0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	•
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	70
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators or	
equivalent and for waste water to be discharged via public sewer sys-	
tem.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	olant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	0,1
treatment (%)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,00E+03
Maximum allowable site quantity (MSafe) based on OCs and RMMs	21.141,6
as above (kg/day):	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	e local and/or regiona
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regiona
regulations.	_

SECTION 3   EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
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#### Section 3.1 - Health

The Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions that are identified in the Exposure Scenario are the outcome of a quantitative and qualitative assessment that covers this product.

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Used ECETOC TRA model.	

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE

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#### **EXPOSURE SCENARIO**

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

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#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

	LAPOSUIC SCENIANO - WOLKEN	
30000011058		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Use of lubricants and greases in open systems Professional	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22	
	Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC10,	
	PROC11, PROC13	
	Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d,	
	ATIEL-ATC SPERC 8.Cp.v1	
Scope of process	Covers use of lubricants and greases in open systems, in-	
	cluding application of lubricant to work pieces or equipment	
	by dipping, brushing or spraying (without exposure to heat),	
	e.g. mould releases, corrosion protection, slideways. Includes	
	associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and	
	maintenance activities.	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures applicable to all activities.	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.  Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.  Use suitable eye protection.  Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.
Material transfersManual-	Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than

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Transfer of substance or	1 hour.	
preparation (charging/ dis-		
charging) from/ to vessels/		
large containers at non-		
dedicated facilities	Dayida a saad standard of saasaal wasti	latian National conti
Roller, spreader, flow appli-	Provide a good standard of general venti	
cationRoller application or	lation is from doors, windows etc. Contro	
brushing	means air is supplied or removed by a po Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	
	4 hours	osule for filore than
	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested	to FN374) in combi-
	nation with specific activity training.	10 21107 1) 111 0011101
	namen num op come acurry mammig.	
SprayingNon industrial	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation. Natural venti-
spraying	lation is from doors, windows etc. Contro	
	means air is supplied or removed by a po	owered fan.
	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	osure for more than
	1 hour.	
	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 v	vith Type A/P2 filter
	or better.	and the C
	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent expos	
	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested nation with specific activity training.	to EN374) in combi-
	nation with specific activity training.	
Treatment by dipping and	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation. Natural venti-
pouringTreatment of arti-	lation is from doors, windows etc. Contro	
cles by dipping and pouring	means air is supplied or removed by a po	owered fan.
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment op	ening or mainte-
maintenanceTransfer of	nance.	lada Maria da art
substance or preparation	Provide a good standard of general venti	
(charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large con-	lation is from doors, windows etc. Contro means air is supplied or removed by a po	
tainers at non-dedicated	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	
facilities	4 hours	obdic for more than
133	Retain drain downs in sealed storage per	nding disposal or for
	subsequent recycle.	3 - 1
Storage.Use in closed pro-	Store substance within a closed system.	
cess, no likelihood of expo-		
sureUse in closed, continu-		
ous process with occasion-		
al controlled exposure Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Amounts Used	Control of Environmental Exposure	
EU tonnage (tonnes per year	):	224,0
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0,1
Fraction of Regional tonnage		0,1
Frequency and Duration of		
Emission Days (days/year): 36		365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor: 10		10

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	T
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water	
contact.	
Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs):	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite	5,00E-04
RMMs and before (municipal) sewage treatment plant):	
Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs):	1E-03
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	olant
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,00E+03
Maximum allowable site quantity (MSafe) based on OCs and RMMs	186,3
as above (kg/day):	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	0,1
treatment (%)	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	e local and/or regional
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	

The Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions that are identified in the Exposure Scenario are the outcome of a quantitative and qualitative assessment that covers this product.

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Used ECETOC TRA model.	

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
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